

# **Getting started on Zembrace® SymTouch®**

Learn more about our savings program and Instructions for Use.



**Instructions for Use** 

**Watch** by scanning the QR code.

Read on pages 4-7.

Please see complete Important Safety Information on pages 10-11 and accompanying full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.



# What is Zembrace SymTouch?

Zembrace SymTouch is a fast and powerful prescription medicine used to treat acute migraine headaches with or without aura in adults who have been diagnosed with migraine.

In as little as 10 minutes, you may get migraine pain relief (17% for sumatriptan 3 mg vs. 5% for placebo). One study showed that 60% of people experienced pain relief 2 hours after use (vs. 21% for placebo).<sup>1</sup>

Zembrace\* SymTouch\* is not used to prevent or decrease the number of migraines you have.

Zembrace SymTouch should not be used to treat other types of headaches such as hemiplegic (that make you unable to move on one side of your body) or basilar (rare form of migraine with aura) migraines.

These are not the only reasons to not take Zembrace SymTouch.



### **Zembrace** SymTouch is simple:

- Smallest needle in a sumatriptan pen (auto-injector)<sup>2</sup>
- Simple, two-step injection process<sup>2,3</sup>
- No refrigeration needed\*

\*Store between 68°F and 77°F. Excursions permitted between 59°F and 86°F.

Please see Important Safety Information on pages 10-11 and accompanying full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.

### **Get Zembrace® SymTouch®** for free\*



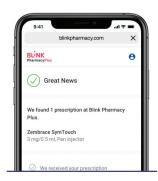
Eligible patients pay \$0\* per prescription and get free home delivery through Blink Pharmacy Plus.

\*Restrictions and quantity limits apply. Visit Zembrace.com to view complete program terms and conditions. Medicare, Medicaid, and other federal and state healthcare program patients are not eligible.

### How does it work?

Blink Pharmacy Plus fills your Zembrace® SymTouch® prescription in three easy steps.





### Blink Pharmacy Plus Your prescription is out for delivery.

### Step 1:

Blink Pharmacy Plus will contact you

A Blink Pharmacy Plus agent will call from **1-844-976-3109** or text you from 22425 with a confidential link to see your profile.

### Step 2: Check out online

Blink Pharmacy Plus works with your insurance to apply all eligible savings. They'll let you know when it's time to check out and confirm your delivery address.

### Step 3: Arrives at your door

Your prescription will be delivered to vour door for free each month.

### **Questions or need help?**

If you have questions or need help, please contact Blink Pharmacy Plus at 1-844-976-3109.



# Proper administration is important when using Zembrace® SymTouch®

Read the Instructions for Use, or visit Zembrace.com/how-to-use to watch the video.



## Instructions for use

Read this Instructions for Use before you start to use Zembrace\* SymTouch\*. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking with your health care provider about your medical condition or treatment. You and your health care provider should talk about Zembrace\* SymTouch\* when you start taking it and at regular checkups.

The Zembrace® SymTouch® auto-injector is a single-use, pre-filled injection device with the exact dose you need. The device should be used only 1 time and then discarded.

Keep out of reach of children.

**Do not** use after the expiration date has passed.

**Do not** store or expose to high temperatures.

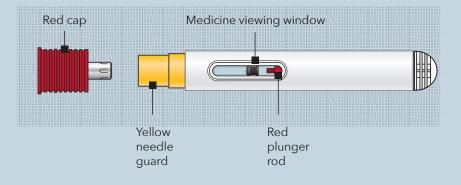
**Do not** freeze.

**Do not** remove the red cap until you are ready to inject.

**Do not** use if dropped after removing the red cap.

**Do not** put or press thumb, fingers or hand over the yellow needle guard.

### Zembrace\* SymTouch\* auto-injector



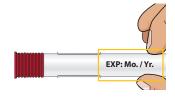
Please see Important Safety Information on pages 10-11 and accompanying full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.



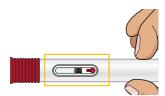
# Inspect auto-injector and gather supplies

### 1A. Remove auto-injector from the carton.

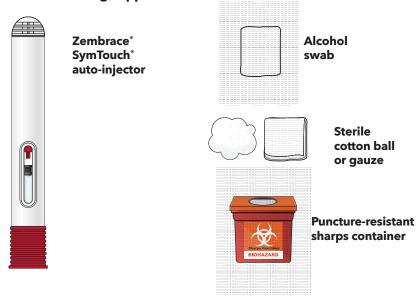
1B. Check the expiration date on the auto-injector. Do not use if the expiration date has passed.



**1C.** Inspect the medicine through the medicine viewing window. Inspect the appearance of Zembrace\* SymTouch\* auto-injector medicine through the window. It must be a clear, colorless to pale yellow solution. Do not inject the medicine if the solution looks discolored or cloudy or contains lumps, flakes, or particles.



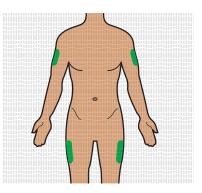
### 1D. Gather the following supplies:



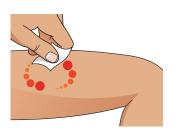
Please see Important Safety Information on pages 10-11 and accompanying full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.

# Choose and prepare your injection site

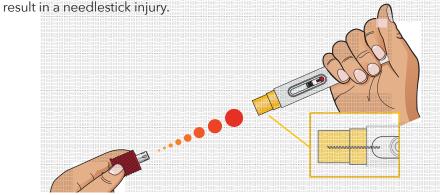
**2A.** Choose your injection site. The recommended injection sites are the sides of the thighs and the arms. Caution: Do not inject where your skin is scarred, bruised, tender, red or near any open wound.



**2B.** Clean the injection site with an alcohol swab. Do not touch injection site area after cleaning.



**2C. Remove the red cap.** Hold the body of the auto-injector in one hand and pull the red cap straight off. Warning: Do not put or press thumb, fingers or hand over the yellow needle guard. Doing so may result in a needlestick injury.



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# Inject the medicine

### 3A. Place auto-injector straight on your injection **site.** Place the auto-injector straight on your

injection site (90 degrees) with the yellow needle guard end gently pressed against your skin.



**3B. Perform injection.** Press and hold the auto-injector down against your skin. You will hear the first click as the injection starts. Continue to hold the device down until you hear the second click. Wait 5 seconds before you remove the auto-injector. Important: To receive your full dose, always hold the auto-injector down on your injection site for additional time after you hear the second click. This allows all of the medicine to be delivered.









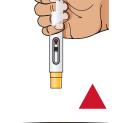
Click

**HOLD DOWN AND SLOWLY COUNT TO 5.** 

After the second click, continue to hold down and slowly count to 5 to make sure you receive your full dose.

### 3C. Remove auto-injector from skin.

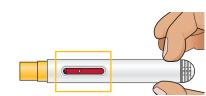
Remove the auto-injector by lifting it straight away from your skin. The yellow needle guard will drop down and lock over the needle.



Please see Important Safety Information on pages 10-11 and accompanying full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.

### Confirm injection and dispose of auto-injector

4A. Confirm red color in medicine viewing window. Look to confirm that the red plunger rod has filled the medicine viewing window. This means you have received the full dose. Caution: Call your healthcare provider if the red plunger rod has not filled the medicine viewing window. This may mean that only a partial dose was delivered. Do not try to reuse the auto-injector.



4B. Disposal of the auto-injector. Put your used autoinjector, caps, needles and sharps in an FDA-cleared sharps disposal container right away after use. Do not throw away (dispose of) loose needles and syringes in your household trash. Do not recycle your used sharps disposal container. If you do not have an FDA-cleared sharps disposal container, you may use a household container that is: made of a heavy-duty plastic; can be closed with a tight-fitting, puncture-resistant lid, without sharps being able to come out; upright and stable during use; leak-resistant; and properly labeled to warn of hazardous waste inside the container.



When your sharps disposal container is almost full, you will need to follow your community guidelines for the right way to dispose of your sharps disposal container. There may be state or local laws about how you should throw away used needles and syringes. For more information about safe sharps disposal, and for specific information about sharps disposal in the state that you live in, go to the FDA's website at fda.gov/safesharpsdisposal. Do not dispose of your used sharps disposal container in your household trash unless your community guidelines permit this. Do not recycle your used sharps disposal container. If needed, make sure you get a refill of your auto-injector.

**4C. Treat injection site.** Treat the injection site with a cotton ball, gauze pad or bandage, as needed. Do not rub the injection site.

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# IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Zembrace SymTouch (Zembrace) can cause serious side effects, including heart attack and other heart problems, which may lead to death. Stop use and get emergency help if you have any signs of a heart attack:

- discomfort in the center of your chest that lasts for more than a few minutes or goes away and comes back
- severe tightness, pain, pressure, or heaviness in your chest, throat, neck, or jaw
- pain or discomfort in your arms, back, neck, jaw or stomach
- shortness of breath with or without chest discomfort
- breaking out in a cold sweat
- nausea or vomiting
- feeling lightheaded

Zembrace is not for people with risk factors for heart disease (high blood pressure or cholesterol, smoking, overweight, diabetes, family history of heart disease) unless a heart exam shows no problem.

Do not use Zembrace if you have:

- history of heart problems
- narrowing of blood vessels to your legs, arms, stomach, or kidney (peripheral vascular disease)
- uncontrolled high blood pressure

- hemiplegic or basilar migraines.
   If you are not sure if you have these, ask your provider.
- had a stroke, transient ischemic attacks (TIAs), or problems with blood circulation
- severe liver problems
- taken any of the following medicines in the last 24 hours: almotriptan, eletriptan, frovatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, ergotamines, dihydroergotamine.
- are taking certain antidepressants, known as monoamine oxidase (MAO)-A inhibitors or it has been 2 weeks or less since you stopped taking a MAO-A inhibitor. Ask your provider for a list of these medicines if you are not sure.
- an allergy to sumatriptan or any of the components of Zembrace

Tell your provider about all of your medical conditions and medicines you take, including vitamins and supplements.

Zembrace can cause dizziness, weakness, or drowsiness. If so, do not drive a car, use machinery, or do anything where you need to be alert.

Zembrace may cause serious side effects including:

- changes in color or sensation in your fingers and toes
- sudden or severe stomach pain, stomach pain after meals,

- weight loss, nausea or vomiting, constipation or diarrhea, bloody diarrhea, fever
- cramping and pain in your legs or hips; feeling of heaviness or tightness in your leg muscles; burning or aching pain in your feet or toes while resting; numbness, tingling, or weakness in your legs; cold feeling or color changes in one or both legs or feet
- increased blood pressure including a sudden severe increase even if you have no history of high blood pressure
- medication overuse headaches from using migraine medicine for 10 or more days each month. If your headaches get worse, call your provider.
- serotonin syndrome, a rare but serious problem that can happen in people using Zembrace, especially when used with anti-depressant medicines called SSRIs or SNRIs. Call your provider right away if you have: mental changes such as seeing things that are not there (hallucinations), agitation, or coma; fast heartbeat; changes in blood pressure; high body temperature; tight muscles; or trouble walking.
- hives (itchy bumps); swelling of your tongue, mouth, or throat
- seizures even in people who have never had seizures before

The most common side effects of Zembrace include: pain and redness at injection site; tingling or numbness in your fingers or toes; dizziness; warm, hot, burning feeling to your face (flushing); discomfort or stiffness in your neck; feeling weak, drowsy, or tired.

Tell your provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of Zembrace. For more information, ask your provider.

This is the most important information to know about Zembrace but is not comprehensive. For more information, talk to your provider and read the **Patient Information** and **Instructions for Use**. You can also visit www.tonixpharma.com or call 1-888-869-7633.

You are encouraged to report adverse effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medwatch">www.fda.gov/medwatch</a>, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

### **INDICATION AND USAGE**

Zembrace is a prescription medicine used to treat acute migraine headaches with or without aura in adults who have been diagnosed with migraine.

Zembrace is not used to prevent migraines. It is not known if it is safe and effective in children under 18 years of age.



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### Learn more at **Zembrace.com**



#### References

- 1. Zembrace SymTouch [package insert]. Catham, NJ: Tonix Medicines, Inc.: July 2019.
- 2. Data on file. Catham, NJ: Tonix Medicines, Inc.: 2021.
- 3. Brand-Schieber E, Munjal S, Kumar R, et al. Human factors validation study of 3 mg sumatriptan autoinjector, for migraine patients. *Med Devices* (Auckl). 2016;9:131-137.

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use 7FMBRACE® SymTouch® safely and ZEMBRACE® SymTouch®

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

ZEMBRACE® SymTouch® (sumatriptan succinate Initial U.S. Approval: 1992

#### --- INDICATIONS AND USAGE --ZEMBRACE SymTouch is a serotonin (5-HT $_{1B/1D}$ ) receptor

· Acute treatment of migraine with or without aura in adults. (1)

Limitations of Use:

 Use only if a clear diagnosis of migraine has been established (1) Not indicated for the prophylactic therapy of migraine.

-- DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION . For subcutaneous use only. (2.1) · Acute treatment of migraine: 3 mg Single dose. (2.1)

### • Maximum dose in a 24-hour period: 12 mg. Separate doses by at least 1 hour. (2.1)

--- DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS · Injection: 3 mg prefilled, ready-to-use, single-dose disposable auto-injector. (3)

--- CONTRAINDICATIONS

### History of coronary artery disease or coronary

- . Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome or other cardiac

- accessory conduction pathway disorders (4)
- History of stroke, transient ischemic attack, or hemiplegic or basilar migraine (4)

Recent (within 24 hours) use of another 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonist (e.g., another triptan) or of an ergotamine-containing

 Pregnancy: Based on animal data, may cause fetal harm See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and

anaphylaxis seen) (4)

Severe hepatic impairr

occurs. (5.2)

at high risk. (5.3)

necessary. (5.6)

lowered seizure threshold. (5.10)

cardiovascular risk factors. (5.1)

- WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS -

Myocardial ischemia/infarction and Prinzmetal's angina:

Perform cardiac evaluation in patients with multiple

Arrhythmias: Discontinue ZEMBRACE SymTouch it

Chest/throat/neck/iaw pain, tightness, pressure, or

heaviness: Generally, not associated with myocardial

Cerebral hemorrhage, subarachnoid hemorrhage, and stroke: Discontinue ZEMBRACE SymTouch if occurs.

Gastrointestinal ischemia and reactions, peripheral vasospastic reactions: Discontinue ZEMBRACE

SymTouch if occurs. (5.5)

Medication overuse headache: Detoxification may be

Serotonin syndrome: Discontinue ZEMBRACE SymTouch

• Seizures: Use with caution in patients with epilepsy or a

---- ADVERSE REACTIONS

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact

Tonix Medicines at 1-888-869-7633 or FDA at 1-800

FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

-- USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Most common adverse reactions (≥5% and > placebo)

were injection site reactions, tingling, dizziness/ve warm/hot sensation, burning sensation, feeling of

heaviness, pressure sensation, flushing, feeling of tightness, and numbness/paresthesia. (6.1)

ischemia; evaluate for coronary artery disease in patients

FDA-approved patient labeling Revised 2/2021

7.4 Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors/Serotoni

### **FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS\***

Concurrent or recent (past 2 weeks) use of monoamine oxidase-A inhibitor (4)

#### INDICATIONS AND USAGE DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Peripheral vascular disease (4)

Ischemic bowel disease (4)

medication (4)

· Uncontrolled hypertension (4)

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- CONTRAINDICATIONS WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
- 5.1 Myocardial Ischemia, Myocardial Infarction, and Prinzmetal's Angina
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- Cerebrovascular Events Other Vasospasm Reactions
- 5.6 Medication Overuse Headache
- Serotonin Syndro
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- 16.2 Storage and Handling 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION
- \*Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing

### FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is indicated for the acute treatment of migraine with or without aura in adults

Use only if a clear diagnosis of migraine has been established. If a patient has no response to the first migraine attack treated with ZEMBRACE SymTouch, reconsider the diagnosis before ZEMBRACE SymTouch is administered to treat any ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is not indicated for the prevention of migraine attacks.

### 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Dosing Information The recommended dose of ZEMBRACE SymTouch is 3 mg injected subcutaneously

The maximum cumulative injected dose that may be given in 24 hours is 12 mg, with doses of ZEMBRACE SymTouch separated by at least 1 hour. ZEMBRACE SymTouch may also be given at least 1 hour following a dose of another sumatriptan product.

### 2.2 Administration Using ZEMBRACE SymTouch

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is available as a prefilled, ready-to-use, single dose, disposable auto-injector containing 3 mg sumatriptan. With ZEMBRACE SymTouch, the needle penetrates approximately ¼ inch (6 mm). The injection is intended to be given subcutaneously. Do not administer by any other route. Instruct patients on the proper use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch and direct them to use injection sites with an adequate skin and subcutaneous thickness to accommodate the length of the needle.

### 3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

Injection: 3 mg sumatriptan in 0.5 mL prefilled, ready-to-use, single dose, disposable auto-injecto

### 4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with:

- · Ischemic coronary artery disease (CAD) (angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, or documented silent ischemia) or coronary artery vasospasm, including Prinzmetal's angina [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)]. Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome or arrhythmias associated with other cardiac accessory conduction pathway disorders [see
- Warnings and Precautions (5.2)].
- History of stroke or transient ischemic attack (TIA) or history of hemiplegic or basilar migraine because these patients are at a higher risk of stroke [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)].
- Peripheral vascular disease [see Warnings and Precautions (5.5)].
- Ischemic bowel disease [see Warnings and Precautions (5.5)]. • Uncontrolled hypertension [see Warnings and Precautions (5.8)].
- Recent (i.e., within 24 hours) use of ergotamine-containing medication, ergot-type medication (such as dihydroergotamine or methysergide), or another 5-hydroxytryptamine1 (5-HT<sub>1</sub>) agonist [see Drug Interactions (7.1, 7.3)].
- Concurrent administration of an MAO-A inhibitor or recent (within 2 weeks) use of an MAO-A inhibitor (see Drug Interactions (7.2) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].
- Known hypersensitivity to sumatriptan (angioedema and anaphylaxis seen) [see Warnings and Precautions (5.9)]. • Severe hepatic impairment [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].

### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

## 5.1 Myocardial Ischemia, Myocardial Infarction, and Prinzmetal's Angina

The use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with ischemic or vasospastic CAD. There have been rare reports of serious cardiac adverse reactions, including acute myocardial infarction, occurring within a few hours following administration of sumatriptan injection. Some of these reactions occurred in patients without known CAD. 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists, including ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection, may cause coronary artery vasospasm (Prinzmetal's angina), even in patients without a history of

Perform a cardiovascular evaluation in triptan-naive patients who have multiple cardiovascular risk factors (e.g., increased age, diabetes, hypertension, smoking, obesity, strong family history of CAD) prior to receiving ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection. If there is evidence of CAD or coronary artery vasospasm, ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated. For patients with multiple cardiovascular risk factors who have a negative cardiovascular evaluation, consider administering the first dose of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection in a medically supervised setting and performing an electrocardiogram (ECG) immediately following ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection. For such patients, consider periodic cardiovascular evaluation in intermittent long-term users of ZEMBRACE

## 5.2 Arrhythmias

Life-threatening disturbances of cardiac rhythm, including ventricular tachycardia and ventricular fibrillation leading to death, have been reported within a few hours following the administration of 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists. Discontinue ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection if these disturbances occur. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome or arrhythmias associated with other cardiac accessory conduction pathway disorders.

## 5.3 Chest, Throat, Neck, and/or Jaw Pain/Tightness/Pressure

Sensations of tightness, pain, pressure, and heaviness in the precordium, throat, neck, and jaw commonly occur after treatment with sumatriptan injection and are usually non-cardiac in origin. However, perform a cardiac evaluation if these patients are at high cardiac risk. The use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with CAD and those with Prinzmetal's variant angina

Cerebral hemorrhage, subarachnoid hemorrhage, and stroke have occurred in patients treated with 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists, and some have resulted in fatalities. In a number of cases, it appears possible that the cerebrovascular events were primary, the 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonist having been administered in the incorrect belief that the symptoms experienced were a consequence of migraine when they were not. Also, patients with migraine may be at increased risk of certain cerebrovascular events (e.g., stroke, hemorrhage, TIA). Discontinue

ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection if a cerebrovascular event occurs. Before treating headaches in patients not previously diagnosed with migraine or in patients who present with atypical symptoms exclude other potentially serious neurological conditions. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with a history

#### of stroke or TIA. 5.5 Other Vasosnasm Reactions

ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection may cause non-coronary vasospastic reactions, such as peripheral vascular ischemia, gastrointestinal vascular ischemia and infarction (presenting with abdominal pain and bloody diarrhea), splenic infarction, and Raynaud's syndrome. In patients who experience symptoms or signs suggestive of non-coronary vasospasm reaction following the use of any 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonist, rule out a vasospastic reaction before receiving additional ZEMBRACE SymTouch injections

Reports of transient and permanent blindness and significant partial vision loss have been reported with the use of 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists Since visual disorders may be part of a migraine attack, a causal relationship between these events and the use of 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists have not been clearly established.

# 5.6 Medication Overuse Headach

Overuse of acute migraine drugs (e.g., ergotamine, triptans, opioids, combination of these drugs for 10 or more days per month) may lead to exacerbation of headache (medication overuse headache). Medication overuse headache may present as migraine-like daily headaches, or as a marked increase in frequency of migraine attacks. Detoxification of patients, including withdrawal of the overused drugs, and treatment of withdrawal symptoms (which often includes a transient worsening of headache) may be necess

Serotonin syndrome may occur with ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection, particularly during co-administration with selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs), tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs), and MAO inhibitors [see Drug Interactions (7.4)]. Serotonin syndrome symptoms may include mental status changes (e.g., agitation, hallucinations, coma) autonomic instability (e.g., tachycardia, labile blood pressure, hyperthermia), neuromuscular aberrations (e.g., hyperreflexia, incoordination), and/or gastrointestinal symptoms (e.g., nausea, vomiting, diarrhea). The onset of symptoms usually occurs minutes to hours of receiving a new or a greater dose of a serotonergic medication. Discontinue ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection if serotonin syndrome is suspected

### 5.8 Increase in Blood Pressure

Significant elevation in blood pressure, including hypertensive crisis with acute impairment of organ systems, has been reported on rare occasions in patients treated with 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists, including patients without a history of hypertension. Monitor blood pressure in patients treated with ZEMBRACE SymTouch. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with uncontrolled 5.9 Hypersensitivity Reactions

### Hypersensitivity reactions, including angioedema and anaphylaxis, have occurred in patients receiving sumatriptan. Such reactions can

be life-threatening or fatal. In general, anaphylactic reactions to drugs are more likely to occur in individuals with a history of sensitivity to multiple allergens. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity reaction to 5.10 Seizures Seizures have been reported following administration of sumatriptan. Some have occurred in patients with either a history of seizures

or concurrent conditions predisposing to seizures. There are also reports in patients where no such predisposing factors are apparent. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection should be used with caution in patients with a history of epilepsy or conditions associated with a lowered seizure threshold 6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

- Arrhythmias [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)] • Chest, throat, neck, and/or jaw pain/tightness/pressure [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)]
- Cerebrovascular events [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)] • Other vasospasm reactions [see Warnings and Precautions (5.5)]

• Myocardial ischemia, myocardial infarction, and Prinzmetal's angina [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)]

The following serious adverse reactions are described below and elsewhere in the labeling

- Medication overuse headache [see Warnings and Precautions (5.6)]
- Serotonin syndrome [see Warnings and Precautions (5.7)] • Increase in blood pressure [see Warnings and Precautions (5.8)]
- Hypersensitivity reactions [see Contraindications (4), Warnings and Precautions (5.9)] • Seizures [see Warnings and Precautions (5.10)] 6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

### Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared with rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice

Adverse Reactions in Placebo-Controlled Trials with Sumatriptan Injection Migraine Headache: Table 1 lists adverse reactions that occurred in 2 US placebo-controlled clinical trials in migraine subjects (Studies 2 and 3), following either a single 6-mg dose of sumatriptan injection or placebo. Only reactions that occurred at a frequency

of 2% or more in groups treated with sumatriptan injection 6 mg and that occurred at a frequency greater than the placebo group are included in Table 1

Table 1: Adverse Reactions in Pooled Placebo-Controlled Trials in Patients with Migraine (Studies 2 and 3) Adverse Reaction Percent of Subjects Reporting

	Sumatriptan Injection 6 mg Subcutaneous (n = 547)	Placebo (n = 370)
Atypical sensations	42	9
Tingling	14	3
Warm/hot sensation	11	4
Burning sensation	7	<1
	Table	continued at top of next column

Adverse Reaction	Percent of Subjects	Percent of Subjects Reporting		
	Sumatriptan Injection 6 mg Subcutaneous (n = 547)	Placebo (n = 370)		
Feeling of heaviness	7	1		
Pressure sensation	7	2		
Feeling of tightness	5	<1		
Numbness	5	2		
Feeling strange	2	<1		
Tight feeling in head	2	<1		
Cardiovascular				
Flushing	7	2		
Chest discomfort	5	1		
Tightness in chest	3	<1		
Pressure in chest	2	<1		
Ear, nose, and throat				
Throat discomfort	3	<1		
Discomfort: nasal cavity/sinuses	2	<1		
Injection site reactiona	59	24		
Miscellaneous				
Jaw discomfort	2	0		
Musculoskeletal				
Weakness	5	<1		
Neck pain/stiffness	5	<1		
Myalgia	2	<1		
Neurological		<u> </u>		
Dizziness/vertigo	12	4		
Drowsiness/sedation	3	2		
Headache	2	<1		
Skin				
Sweating	2	1		

The incidence of adverse reactions in controlled clinical trials was not affected by gender or age of the patients. There were insufficient Adverse Reactions in a Study with ZEMBRACE SymTouch

The most common adverse reactions in a placebo-controlled trial with ZEMBRACE SymTouch were injection site reactions (including injection site bruising, erythema, hemorrhage, induration, irritation, pain, paresthesia, pruritis, swelling, and urticaria), occurring in 30% of ZEMBRACE SymTouch-treated patients compared to 13% of placebo-treated patients. Adverse reactions with ZEMRACE SymTouch

### 6.2 Post-marketing Experience

The following adverse reactions have been identified during post-approval use of sumatriptan tablets, sumatriptan nasal spray, and sumatriptan injection. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure

Cardiovascular

Neurological

### DRUG INTERACTIONS

7.1 Ergot-Containing Drugs

Ergot-containing drugs have been reported to cause prolonged vasospastic reactions. Because these effects may be additive, use of ergotamine-containing or ergot-type medications (like dihydroergotamine or methysergide) and ZEMBRACE SymTouch within 24 hours of

### 7.2 Monoamine Oxidase-A Inhibitors

MAO-A inhibitors increase systemic exposure by 2-fold. Therefore, the use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection in patients receiving MAO-A inhibitors is contraindicated [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. 7.3 Other 5-HT<sub>1</sub> Agonists

Because their vasospastic effects may be additive, coadministration of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection and other 5-HT<sub>1</sub> agonists (e.g.

7.4 Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors/Serotonin Norepinephrine Reuptake Inhibitors and Serotonin Syndrome

Cases of serotonin syndrome have been reported during coadministration of triptans and SSRIs, SNRIs, TCAs, and MAO inhibitors [see Warnings and Precautions (5.7)]. 8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

### 8.1 Pregnancy

Data from a prospective pregnancy exposure registry and epidemiological studies of pregnant women have not detected an increased frequency of birth defects or a consistent pattern of birth defects among women exposed to sumatriptan compared with the general population (see Data). In developmental toxicity studies in rats and rabbits, oral administration of sumatriptan to pregnant animals was associated with embryo lethality, fetal abnormalities, and pup mortality. When administered by the intravenous route to pregnant rabbits sumatriptan was embryo lethal (see Data).

In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and of miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2% to 4% and 15% to 20%, respectively. The reported rate of major birth defects among deliveries to women with migraine ranged from 2.2% to 2.9% and the reported rate of miscarriage was 17%, which were similar to rates reported in women without migraine. Clinical Considerations

#### Disease-Associated Maternal and/or Embryo/Fetal Risk: Several studies have suggested that women with migraine may be at increased risk of preeclampsia during pregnancy.

The Sumatriptan/Naratriptan/Treximet (sumatriptan and naproxen sodium) Pregnancy Registry, a population-based international prospective study, collected data for sumatriptan from January 1996 to September 2012. The Registry documented outcomes of 626 infants and fetuses exposed to sumatriptan during pregnancy (528 with earliest exposure during the first trimester, 78 during the second trimester, 16 during the third trimester, and 4 unknown). The occurrence of major birth defects (excluding fetal deaths and induced abortions without reported defects and all spontaneous pregnancy losses) during first-trimester exposure to sumatriptan was 4.2% (20/478 [95% CI: 2.6% to 6.5%]) and during any trimester of exposure was 4.2% (24/576 [95% CI: 2.7% to 6.2%]). The sample size in this study had 80% power to detect at least a 1.73 to 1.91-fold increase in the rate of major malformations. The number of exposed pregnancy outcomes accumulated during the registry was insufficient to support definitive conclusions about overall malformation risk or for making comparisons of the frequencies of specific birth defects. Of the 20 infants with reported birth defects after exposure to sumatriptan in the first trimester. 4 infants had ventricular septal defects, including one infant who was exposed to both sumatriptan and naratriptan and 3 infants had pyloric stenosis. No other birth defect was reported for more than 2 infants in this

In a study using data from the Swedish Medical Birth Register, live births to women who reported using triptans or ergots during pregnancy were compared with those of women who did not. Of the 2,257 births with first-trimester exposure to sumatriplan, 107 infants were born with malformations (relative risk 0.99 [95% Cl: 0.91 to 1.21]). A study using linked data from the Medical Birth Registry of Norway to the Norwegian Prescription Database compared pregnancy outcomes in women who redeemed prescriptions for triptans during pregnancy, as well as a migraine disease comparison group who redeemed prescriptions for sumatriptan before pregnancy only, compared with a population control group. Of the 415 women who redeemed prescriptions for sumatriptan during the irist trimester, 15 had infants with major congenital malformations (OR 1.16 [95% CI: 0.69 to 1.94]) while for the 364 women who redeemed prescriptions for sumatriptan before, but not during, pregnancy, 20 had infants with major congenital malformations (OR 1.83 [95% CI: 1.17 to 2.88]), each compared with the population comparison group. Additional smaller observational studies evaluating use of sumatriptan during pregnancy have not suggested an increased risk of teratogenicity.

Oral administration of sumatriptan to pregnant rats during the period of organogenesis resulted in an increased incidence of fetal blood vessel (cervicothoracic and umbilical) abnormalities. The highest no-effect dose for embryofetal developmental toxicity in rats was 60 mg/kg/day. Oral administration of sumatriptan to pregnant rabbits during the period of organogenesis resulted in increased incidences of embryo lethality and fetal cervicothoracic vascular and skeletal abnormalities. Intravenous administration of sumatriptan to

intravenous no-effect doses for developmental toxicity in rabbits were 15 and 0.75 mg/kg/day, respectively. Oral administration of sumatriptan to rats prior to and throughout gestation resulted in embryofetal toxicity (decreased body weight, decreased ossification, increased incidence of skeletal abnormalities). The highest no-effect dose was 50 mg/kg/day. In offspring of pregnant rats treated orally with sumatriptan during organogenesis, there was a decrease in pup survival. The highest no-effect dose for this effect was 60 mg/kg/day. Oral treatment of pregnant rats with sumatriptan during the latter part of gestation and throughout lactation resulted in a decrease in pup survival. The highest no-effect dose for this finding was 100 mg/kg/day.

### 8.2 Lactation Risk Summary

Sumatriptan is excreted in human milk following subcutaneous administration (see Data). There are no data on the effects of sumatriptan on the breastfed infant or the effects of sumatriptan on milk production

The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for ZEMBRACE SymTouch and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from sumatriptan or from the underlying maternal condition Clinical Considerations

Infant exposure to sumatriptan can be minimized by avoiding breastfeeding for 12 hours after treatment with ZEMBRACE SymTouch.

### Following subcutaneous administration of a 6 mg dose of sumatriptan injection in 5 lactating volunteers, sumatriptan was present in milk 8.4 Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established. ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection is not recommended for use in patients younger than 18 years of age.

Two controlled clinical trials evaluated sumatriptan nasal spray (5 to 20 mg) in 1,248 pediatric migraineurs 12 to 17 years of age who treated a single attack. The trials did not establish the efficacy of sumatriptan nasal spray compared with placebo in the treatment of migraine in pediatric patients. Adverse reactions observed in these clinical trials were similar in nature to those reported in clinical trials Five controlled clinical trials (2 single-attack trials, 3 multiple-attack trials) evaluating oral sumatriptan (25 to 100 mg) in pediatric subjects 12 to 17 years of age enrolled a total of 701 pediatric migraineurs. These trials did not establish the efficacy of oral sumatriptan

compared with placebo in the treatment of migraine in pediatric patients. Adverse reactions observed in these clinical trials were similar

n nature to those reported in clinical trials in adults. The frequency of all adverse reactions in these patients appeared to be both dose and age-dependent, with younger patients reporting reactions more commonly than older pediatric patients. Post-marketing experience documents that serious adverse reactions have occurred in the pediatric population after use of rosi-inarkening explenence occuments that serious adverser seatoris nave occurred in the penualic population are use on subcutaneous, oral, and/or intransasi sumatripata. These reports include reactions similar in nature those reported rarely in adults, including stroke, visual loss, and death. A myocardial infarction has been reported in a 14-year-old male following the use of oral

### sumatriptan; clinical signs occurred within 1 day of drug administration. Clinical data to determine the frequency of serious adverse reactions in pediatric patients who might receive subcutaneous, oral, or intranasal sumatriptan are not presently available. 8.5 Geriatric Use

Clinical trials of sumatriptan injection did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 and over to determine whether they respond differently from younger patients. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between the elderly and younger subjects. In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

A cardiovascular evaluation is recommended for geriatric patients who have other cardiovascular risk factors (e.g., diabetes, hypertension, smoking, obesity, strong family history of CAD) prior to receiving ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].

## 10 OVERDOSAGE

Coronary vasospasm was observed after intravenous administration of sumatriptan injection [see Contraindications (4)]. Overdoses would be expected from animal data (dogs at 0.1 g/kg, rats at 2 g/kg) to possibly cause convulsions, tremor, inactivity, erythema of the extremities, reduced respiratory rate, cyanosis, ataxia, mydriasis, injection site reactions (desquamation, hair loss, and scab formation) The elimination half-life of sumatriptan is about 2 hours [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)], and therefore monitoring of patients after overdose with ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection should continue for at least 10 hours or while symptoms or signs persis

It is unknown what effect hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis has on the serum concentrations of sumatriptan 11 DESCRIPTION

ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection contains sumatriptan succinate, a selective 5-HT<sub>1B7ID</sub> receptor agonist. Sumatriptan succinate is chemically designated as 3-[2-(dimethylamino) ethyl]-N-methyl-indole-5-methanesulfonamide succinate (1:1), and it has the following  $CH_2CH_2N(CH_3)_2$ 

CH3NHSO2CH2 COOH CH, CH<sub>2</sub> , COOH The empirical formula is  $C_{16}H_{21}N_3O_2S^{\bullet}C_dH_6O_4$ , representing a molecular weight of 413.5. Sumatriptan succinate is a white to off-white powder that is readily soluble in water and in saline.

#### ZEMBRACE SymTouch is a clear, colorless to pale yellow, sterile, nonpyrogenic solution for subcutaneous injection. Each 0.5 mL of ZEMBRACE SymTouch contains 4.2 mg of sumatriptan succinate equivalent to 3 mg of sumatriptan (base) and 4.15 mg of sodium chloride, USP in Water for Injection, USF

The pH range of solution is approximately 4.2 to 5.3 and the osmolality of injection is approximately 291 mOsmol (275 to 315 mOsmol) 12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action Sumatriptan binds with high affinity to human cloned 5-HT $_{18/10}$  receptors. Sumatriptan presumably exerts its therapeutic effects in the treatment of migraine headache through agonist effects at the 5-HT $_{18/10}$  receptors on intracranial blood vessels and sensory nerves of

# the trigeminal system, which result in cranial vessel constriction and inhibition of pro-inflammatory neuropeptide release

16% of that obtained following intravenous injection

<u>Blood Pressure</u>: Significant elevation in blood pressure, including hypertensive crisis, has been reported in patients with and without a history of hypertension [see Warnings and Precautions (5.8)].

Peripheral (Small) Arteries: In healthy volunteers (N = 18), a trial evaluating the effects of sumatriptan on peripheral (small vessel) rial reactivity failed to detect a clinically significant increase in peripheral resistance Heart Rate: Transient increases in blood pressure observed in some subjects in clinical trials carried out during sumatriptan's development as a treatment for migraine were not accompanied by any clinically significant changes in heart rate

12.3 Pharmacokinetics After a single 3 mg dose, ZEMBRACE SymTouch was bioequivalent to IMITREX subcutaneous injection. Absorption and Bioavailability: The bioavailability of sumatriptan via subcutaneous site injection to 18 healthy male subjects was 97% ±

After a single 6-mg subcutaneous manual injection into the deltoid area of the arm in 18 healthy males (age: 24 ± 6 years, weight: To kg), the maximum serum concentration  $(G_{max})$  of sumatriplan was (mean  $\pm$  standard deviation)  $74 \pm 15$  ng/mL and the time to peak concentration  $(T_{max})$  was 12 minutes after injection (range: 5 to 20 minutes). In this trial, the same dose injected subcutaneously in the thigh gave a  $C_{max}$  of 61 ± 15 ng/mL by manual injection versus 52 ±15 ng/mL by auto-injector techniques. The  $T_{max}$  or amount absorbed was not significantly altered by either the site or technique of injection Distribution: Protein binding, determined by equilibrium dialysis over the concentration range of 10 to 1,000 ng/mL, is low. annroximately 14% to 21%. The effect of sumatriptan on the protein binding of other drugs has not been evaluated to the control of the contro

Following a 6-mg subcutaneous injection into the deltoid area of the arm in 9 males (mean age: 33 years, mean weight: 77 kg) the volume of distribution central compartment of sumatriptan was 50 ± 8 liters and the distribution half-life was 15 ± 2 minutes

Metabolism: In vitro studies with human microsomes suggest that sumatriptan is metabolized by MAO, predominantly the A isoenzyme. both of which are inactive

### **Patient Information** ZEMBRACE® SymTouch® (Zem-brace Sim-Touch) (sumatriptan succinate) Injection

What is the most important information I should know about

**ZEMBRACE SymTouch? ZEMBRACE SymTouch can cause serious side effects, including:** Heart attack and other heart problems. Heart problems may lead to

Stop taking ZEMBRACE SymTouch and get emergency medical help right

- discomfort in the center of your chest that lasts for more than a few minutes, or that goes away and comes back
- severe tightness, pain, pressure, or heaviness in your chest, throat,
- neck, or jaw
- · shortness of breath with or without chest discomfort
- · breaking out in a cold sweat
- nausea or vomiting
- unless a heart exam is done and shows no problem. You have a higher risk
- · have high cholesterol levels
- smoke
- · have a family history of heart disease

### What is ZEMBRACE SymTouch?

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is a prescription medicine used to treat acute migraine headaches with or without aura in adults who have been

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is not used to treat other types of headaches such as hemiplegic (that make you unable to move on one side of your body) or basilar (rare form of migraine with aura) migraines.

migraines you have.

It is not known if ZEMBRACE SymTouch is safe and effective in children

under 18 years of age. Who should not take ZEMBRACE SymTouch?

 heart problems or a history of heart problems narrowing of blood vessels to your legs, arms, stomach, or kidney

 hemiplegic migraines or basilar migraines. If you are not sure if you have these types of migraines, ask your healthcare provider.

had a stroke, transient ischemic attacks (TIAs), or problems with your

 severe liver problems an allergy to sumatriptan or any of the ingredients in ZEMBRACE

- ZEMBRACE SymTouch. taken any of the following medicines in the last 24 hours:
- almotriptan

blood circulation

- naratriptan rizatriptan
- ergotamines dihydroergotamine

Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure if your medicine is listed

# What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking

Before taking ZEMBRACE SymTouch, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have high cholesterol
- have kidney problems have liver problems
- have had epilepsy or seizures are not using effective birth control
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. ZEMBRACE SymTouch passes into your breast milk. It is not known if this can harm your baby. Talk with your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby if you take ZEMBRACE SymTouch.

supplements. Using ZEMBRACE SymTouch with certain other medicines can affect each other, causing serious side effects.

Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take anti-depressant medicines called: selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs)

serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs)

 tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs) monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs)

Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for a list of these medicines if you are not sure.

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your healthcare

## **How should I take ZEMBRACE SymTouch?**

provider or pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

- Certain people should take their first dose of ZEMBRACE SymTouch in their healthcare provider's office or in another medical setting. Ask your healthcare provider if you should take your first dose in a medical setting.
- dose without first talking with your healthcare provider. For adults, the usual dose is a single injection given just below the skin.
- If you did not get any relief after the first injection, do not give a second injection without first talking with your healthcare provider. You may use a second dose of ZEMBRACE SymTouch after the first dose
- comes back or you only get some relief after your first injection. Do not take more than a total of 12 mg of ZEMBRACE SymTouch in a 24-hour period. Talk to your doctor about how many ZEMBRACE SymTouch you can take in a 24-hour period if you take another form of
- sumatriptan medication in between ZEMBRACE SymTouch. If you use too much ZEMBRACE SymTouch, call your healthcare provider
- ZEMBRACE SymTouch so you can talk with your healthcare provider about how ZEMBRACE SymTouch is working for you.

## ZEMBRACE SymTouch can cause dizziness, weakness, or drowsiness. If

anything where you need to be alert.

you have these symptoms, do not drive a car, use machinery, or do

away if you have any of the following symptoms of a heart attack:

pain or discomfort in your arms, back, neck, jaw, or stomach

· feeling lightheaded

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is not for people with risk factors for heart disease

- for heart disease if you:
- have high blood pressure
- are overweight have diabetes

diagnosed with migraine.

ZEMBRACE SymTouch is not used to prevent or decrease the number of

# Do not take ZEMBRACE SymTouch if you have:

- (peripheral vascular disease) uncontrolled high blood pressure
- SymTouch. See the end of this leaflet for a complete list of ingredients in
- eletriptan frovatriptan

**ZEMBRACE SymTouch?** 

· have diabetes

have high blood pressure

 smoke are overweight · have heart problems or family history of heart problems or stroke

 are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if ZEMBRACE SymTouch can harm your unborn baby.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal

- Use ZEMBRACE SymTouch exactly as your healthcare provider tells you
- You should give an injection as soon as the symptoms of your headache start, but it may be given at any time during a migraine headache attack.
- of ZEMBRACE SymTouch OR after one dose of another sumatriptan medication separated by at least 1 hour, but not sooner, if your headache
- or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away.
- What should I avoid while taking ZEMBRACE SymTouch?

Your healthcare provider may change your dose. Do not change your

### What are the possible side effects of ZEMBRACE SymTouch?

See "What is the most important information I should know about ZEMBRACE SymTouch?"

### ZEMBRACE SymTouch may cause serious side effects, including: changes in color or sensation in your fingers and toes (Raynaud's

- syndrome) stomach and intestinal problems (gastrointestinal and colonic ischemic events). Symptoms of gastrointestinal and colonic ischemic events
- sudden or severe stomach pain
- stomach pain after meals
- weight loss
- nausea or vomiting constipation or diarrhea
- bloody diarrhea
- fever

### problems with blood circulation to your legs and feet (peripheral vascular ischemia). Symptoms of peripheral vascular ischemia include:

- cramping and pain in your legs or hips
- feeling of heaviness or tightness in your leg muscles
- burning or aching pain in your feet or toes while resting
- numbness, tingling, or weakness in your legs
- cold feeling or color changes in 1 or both legs or feet
- hives (itchy bumps); swelling of your tongue, mouth, or throat.
- medication overuse headaches. Some people who use too many ZEMBRACE SymTouch injections may have worse headaches (medication overuse headache). If your headaches get worse, your healthcare provider may decide to stop your treatment with ZEMBRACE SymTouch.
- serotonin syndrome. Serotonin syndrome is a rare but serious problem that can happen in people using ZEMBRACE SymTouch, especially if ZEMBRACE SymTouch is used with anti-depressant medicines called SSRIs or SNRIs. Call your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms of serotonin syndrome:
  - mental changes such as seeing things that are not there (hallucinations), agitation, or coma
- fast heartbeat
- changes in blood pressure
- · high body temperature
- tight muscles
- trouble walking
- seizures. Seizures have happened in people taking ZEMBRACE SymTouch who have never had seizures before. Talk with your healthcare provider about your chance of having seizures while you take ZEMBRACE SymTouch.

The most common side effects of ZEMBRACE SymTouch include:

- · pain or redness at your injection site
- tingling or numbness in your fingers or toes
- dizziness
- warm, hot, burning feeling to your face (flushing)
- discomfort or stiffness in your neck
- · feeling weak, drowsy, or tired

Tell your healthcare provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

These are not all the possible side effects of ZEMBRACE SymTouch. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

### How should I store ZEMBRACE SymTouch?

- Store between 68° to 77°F (20° to 25°C)
- Store your medicine away from light.
- Keep your medicine in the packaging or carrying case provided with it.

Keep ZEMBRACE SymTouch and all medicines out of the reach of children.

### General information about the safe and effective use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch.

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in Patient Information leaflets. Do not use ZEMBRACE SymTouch for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give ZEMBRACE SymTouch to other people, even if they have the same symptoms you have. It may harm them.

This Patient Information leaflet summarizes the most important information about ZEMBRACE SymTouch. If you would like more information, talk with your healthcare provider. You can ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for information about ZEMBRACE SymTouch that is written for healthcare professionals.

For more information, go to www.tonixpharma.com or call 1-888-869-7633.

## What are the ingredients in ZEMBRACE SymTouch Injection?

Active ingredient: sumatriptan succinate

Inactive ingredients: sodium chloride, water for injection

Manufactured for **Tonix Medicines** 

Chatham, NJ 07928

ZEMBRACE and SymTouch are registered trademarks of Tonix

This product may be covered by one or more U.S. patent(s). See www.uslpatents.com.

This Patient Information has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

TS-276-US

Elimination: After a single 6-mg subcutaneous dose,  $22\% \pm 4\%$  was excreted in the urine as unchanged sumatriptan and  $38\% \pm 7\%$  as the IAA metabolite.

Following a 6-mg subcutaneous injection into the deltoid area of the arm, the systemic clearance of sumatriptan was 1.194 ±

Age: The pharmacokinetics of sumatriptan in the elderly (mean age: 72 years, 2 males and 4 females) and in subjects with migraine (mean age: 38 years, 25 males and 155 females) were similar to that in healthy male subjects (mean age: 30 years).

Patients with Hepatic Impairment: The effect of mild to moderate hepatic disease on the pharmacokinetics of subcutaneously administered sumatriptan has been evaluated. There were no significant differences in the pharmacokinetics of subcutaneously administered sumatriptan in moderately hepatically impaired subjects compared with healthy controls. The pharmacokinetics of subcutaneously administered sumatriptan in patients with severe hepatic impairment has not been studied. The use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection in this population is contraindicated [see Contraindications (4)].

Race: The systemic clearance and  $C_{max}$  of subcutaneous sumatriptan were similar in black (n = 34) and Caucasian (n = 38) healthy male

Monoamine Oxidase-A Inhibitors: In a trial of 14 healthy females, pretreatment with an MAO-A inhibitor decreased the clearance of umatriptan, resulting in a 2-fold increase in the area under the sumatriptan plasma concentration-time curve (AUC), corresponding to a

#### 13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

### 13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

In carcinogenicity studies in mouse and rat, sumatriptan was administered orally for 78 weeks and 104 weeks, respectively, at doses up to 160 mg/kg/day (the high dose in rat was reduced from 360 mg/kg/day during Week 21). The highest dose tested in mice and rats was approximately 130 and 260 times, respectively, the single MRHD of 6 mg administered subcutaneously on a mg/m² basis. There was no evidence in either species of an increase in tumors related to sumatriptan administration.

Sumatriptan was negative in in vitro (bacterial reverse mutation [Ames], gene cell mutation in Chinese hamster V79/HGPRT, chromosomal aberration in human lymphocytes) and in vivo (rat micronucleus) assays

When sumatriptan (0, 5, 50, or 500 mg/kg/day) was administered orally to male and female rats prior to and throughout the mating period, there was a treatment-related decrease in fertility secondary to a decrease in mating in animals treated with doses greater than 5 mg/kg/day. It is not clear whether this finding was due to an effect on males or females or both.

When sumatriptan was administered by subcutaneous injection to male and female rats prior to and throughout the mating period, there was no evidence of impaired fertility at doses up to 60 mg/kg/day.

### 13.2 Animal Toxicology and/or Pharmacology

Corneal Opacities: Dogs receiving oral sumatriptan developed corneal opacities and defects in the corneal epithelium. Corneal opacities were seen at the lowest dose tested, 2 mg/kg/day, and were present after 1 month of treatment. Defects in the corneal epithelium were noted in a 60-week study. Earlier examinations for these toxicities were not conducted and no-effect doses were not established; however, the relative plasma exposure at the lowest dose tested was approximately 3 times the human exposure after a 6-mg

### 14 CLINICAL STUDIES

Clinical Studies with Sumatriptan Injection

In controlled clinical trials enrolling more than 1,000 patients during migraine attacks who were experiencing moderate or severe pain and 1 or more of the symptoms enumerated in Table 3, onset of relief began as early as 10 minutes following a 6-mg sumatriptan injection. Lower doses of sumatriptan injection may also prove effective, although the proportion of patients obtaining adequate relief was decreased and the latency to that relief is greater with lower doses

In Study 1, 6 different doses of sumatriptan injection (n = 30 each group) were compared with placebo (n = 62), in a single-attack, parallel-group design, the dose response relationship was found to be as shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Proportion of Patients with Migraine Relief and Incidence of Adverse Reactions by Time and by Sumatriotan Dose in Study 1 Percent Patients With Reliefa

Dose of	Percent Patients with Keller			Adverse Reactions	
Sumatriptan Injection	at 10 Minutes	at 30 Minutes	at 1 Hour	at 2 Hours	Incidence (%)
Placebo	5	15	24	21	55
1 mg	10	40	43	40	63
2 mg	7	23	57	43	63
3 mg	17	47	57	60	77
4 mg	13	37	50	57	80
6 mg	10	63	73	70	83
8 mg	23	57	80	83	93
D. P. C. J. C. J. L. H.	1 11 6 1		11.1 1 61	1 1 111 1	

a Relief is defined as the reduction of moderate or severe pain to no or mild pain after dosing without use of rescue medication

In 2 randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trials of sumatriptan injection 6 mg in 1,104 patients with moderate or severe migraine pail (Studies 2 and 3), the onset of relief was less than 10 minutes. Headache relief, as defined by a reduction in pain from severe or moderately severe to mild or no headache, was achieved in 70% of the patients within 1 hour of a single 6-mg subcutaneous dose of sumatriptan injection. Approximately 82% and 65% of patients treated with sumatriptan 6 mg had headache relief and were pain fre

Table 3 shows the 1- and 2-hour efficacy results for sumatriptan injection 6 mg in Studies 2 and 3

1-Hour Data	;	Study 2	Study 3	
	Placebo (n = 190)	Sumatriptan 6 mg (n = 384)	Placebo (n = 180)	Sumatriptan 6 mg (n = 350)
Subjects with pain relief (grade 0/1)	18%	70%a	26%	70%ª
Subjects with no pain	5%	48%a	13%	49%a
Subjects without nausea	48%	73%a	50%	73%ª
Subjects without photophobia	23%	56%a	25%	58%ª
Subjects with little or no clinical lisability <sup>b</sup>	34%	76%ª	34%	76%ª
2-Hour Data	Study 2		Study 3	
	Placeboc	Sumatriptan 6 mg <sup>d</sup>	Placeboc	Sumatriptan 6 mgd
Subjects with pain relief (grade 0/1)	31%	81%a	39%	82%ª
Subjects with no pain	11%	63%a	19%	65%a
Subjects without nausea	56%	82%a	63%	81%a
Subjects without photophobia	31%	72%a	35%	71% <sup>a</sup>
Subjects with little or no clinical	100/-	95%a	40%	9.49/.a

Includes patients that may have received an additional placebo injection 1 hour after the initial injection d Includes patients that may have received an additional 6 mg of sumatriptan injection 1 hour after the initial injection

Sumatriptan injection also relieved photophobia, phonophobia (sound sensitivity), nausea, and vomiting associated with migraine

The efficacy of sumatriptan injections was unaffected by whether or not the migraine was associated with aura, duration of attack,

gender or age of the subject, or concomitant use of common migraine prophylactic drugs (e.g., beta-blockers) Clinical Study with ZEMBRACE SymTouch In a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial of ZEMBRACE SymTouch, 230 patients with migraine with or without aura

received either ZEMBRACE SymTouch (N=11) or placebo (N=119) for a single migraine attack. The patients had a mean age of 41 years (range 18 to 65 years); approximately 76% were White and 85% were female. The study excluded patients with medication overuse headache, treatment with onabotulinumtoxin A within 180 days, and patients with a

The primary efficacy endpoint was the proportion of patients who were pain-free (defined as a reduction from pre-dose moderate [Grade 2] or severe [Grade 3] pain to none [Grade 0]) 2 hours after the first dose. Of the ZEMBRACE SymTouch-treated patients. 46%

were pain free at 2 hours after treatment compared to 27% of the placebo-treated patients. HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

# 16.1 How Supplied

• ZEMBRACE® SymTouch® 3 mg/0.5 mL Injection contains sumatriptan as the succinate salt and is supplied as a clear, colorless to pale yellow, sterile, nonpyrogenic solution in a prefilled, ready-to-use, single dose, disposable auto-injector unit (NDC # 0245-0809-89 • Each carton contains 4 units (NDC # 0245-0809-38) and a Patient Information and Instructions for Use leaflet

16.2 Storage and Handling

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F). Protect from light

## 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Advise the patient to read the FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Information and Instructions for Use).  $\underline{\textbf{Risk of Myocardial Ischemia and/or Infarction, Prinzmetal's Angina, Other Vasospasm-Related} \ \underline{\textbf{Events, Arrhythmias, and Cerebrovascular}} \\$ 

Inform patients that 7FMRRACE SymTouch injection may cause serious cardiovascular side effects such as myocardial infarction or stroke. Although serious cardiovascular events can occur without warning symptoms, patients should be alert for the signs and symptoms of chest pain, shortness of breath, irregular heartbeat, significant rise in blood pressure, weakness, and slurring of speech and should ask for medical advice when observing any indicative sign or symptoms are observed. Apprise patients of the importance of

Hypersensitivity Reactions Inform patients that anaphylactic reactions have occurred in patients receiving sumatriptan injection. Such reactions can be lifethreatening or fatal. In general, anaphylactic reactions to drugs are more likely to occur in individuals with a history of sensitivity to multiple allergens [see Contraindications (4) and Warnings and Precautions (5.9)].

Concomitant Use with Other Triptans or Ergot Medications

this follow-up [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1, 5.2, 5.4, 5.5, 5.8)].

Inform patients that use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection within 24 hours of another triptan or an ergot-type medication (including dihydroergotamine or methylsergide) is contraindicated [see Contraindications (4), Drug Interactions (7.1, 7.3)]

Caution patients about the risk of serotonin syndrome with the use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection or other triptans, particularly

during combined use with SSRIs, SNRIs, TCAs, and MAO inhibitors [see Warnings and Precautions (5.7), Drug Interactions (7.4)]. Medication Overuse Headache

Inform patients that use of acute migraine drugs for 10 or more days per month may lead to an exacerbation of headache and encourage patients to record headache frequency and drug use (e.g., by keeping a headache diary) [see Warnings and Precautions

<u>Pregnancy</u>

Revised: 2/2021

Advise patients to notify their healthcare provider if they become pregnant during treatment or plan to become pregnant [see Use in Lactation

Advise patients to notify their healthcare provider if they are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed [see Use in Specific Populations (8.2)]. Ability to Perform Complex Tasks

Treatment with ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection may cause somnolence and dizziness; instruct patients to evaluate their ability to perform complex tasks during migraine attacks and after administration of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection. How to Use ZEMBRACE SymTouch

Provide patients instruction on the proper use of ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection if they are able to self-administer ZEMBRACE SymTouch injection in medically unsupervised conditions

Inform patients that the needle in the ZEMBRACE SymTouch penetrates approximately ¼ of an inch (6 mm). Inform patients that the injection is intended to be given subcutaneously and intramuscular or intravascular delivery should be avoided. Instruct patients to use

injection sites with an adequate skin and subcutaneous thickness to accommodate the length of the needle. Manufactured for

Chatham, NJ 07928 ZEMBRACE and SymTouch are registered trademarks of Tonix Medicines

This product may be covered by one or more U.S. patent(s). See www.uslpatents.com TS-276-US

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b A successful outcome in terms of clinical disability was defined prospectively as ability to work mildly impaired or ability to work and